SMSTC Supplementary Module: Classical and Quantum Integrable Systems

Bernd Schroers Department of Mathematics Heriot-Watt University, UK

Perth, 2 October 2019

< □ > < 同 > < 三 > < 三 > < 三 > < ○ < ○ </p>

What is this module about?

The oldest classical integrable system: Kepler's problem



・ロト・(四ト・(日下・(日下・))への)

Classical integrability in a nutshell

We have

- A symplectic manifold *M* of dimension 2*n*: physically the phase space or space of 'positions and momenta'
- ▶ Poisson brackets $\{f, g\}$ for $f, g \in C^{\infty}(M)$
- A Hamiltonian $H \in C^{\infty}(M)$ which generates time evolution according to

$$\dot{f}=\{H,f\}.$$

We want:

▶ n-1 further functions f_1, \ldots, f_{n-1} so that

$$\{H, f_i\} = 0$$
, and $\{f_i, f_j\} = 0$, $i, j = 1, \dots, (n-1)$.

(日) (日) (日) (日) (日) (日) (日)

► An understanding of the geometrical flow generated by *H*.

Contents

- 1. **Foundations**: Review of manifolds, differential forms, vector fields and Lie derivatives; Lie groups and Lie algebras.
- 2. Introduction to symplectic geometry and mechanics: Hamiltonian mechanics; Poisson brackets; symmetry and Noether's theorem in Hamiltonian mechanics; moment(um) maps; Liouville theorem; examples
- Poisson-Lie structures I: Poisson manifolds and symplectic leaves; co-adjoint orbits; Poisson-Lie algebras and Poisson-Lie groups; examples.
- 4. **Poisson-Lie strcutures II**: Co-boundary Poisson-Lie algebras and the classical Yang-Baxter equations; classical doubles; Sklyanin brackets; dressing action and symplectic leaves; examples.
- 5. **Classical integrable systems:** Lax pairs and classical r-matrices; construction of integrable systems out of co-boundary Lie bi-algebras; applications (e.g Toda chain)

Quantum integrability: the hydrogen atom

-Orbital structure of H excited state



▲□▶ ▲□▶ ▲ 三▶ ▲ 三▶ - 三 - のへぐ

Quantum integrability in a nutshell

We have

- ► A Hilbert space *H*: the space of quantum states.
- Self-adjoint operators $A : H \to H$: the observables of the theory.
- A particular self-adjoint operator, called the Hamiltonian H, which generates time evolution according to

$$\dot{A} = i\hbar[H, A].$$

We want:

A (possibly infinite) family operators A_i , i = 1, 2... which satisfy

$$[A_i, A_j] = [A_i, H] = 0, \quad i, j = 1, \dots$$

(ロ) (同) (三) (三) (三) (○) (○)

- The ground state of H
- The discrete spectrum of *H* and the A_i , i = 1, 2...
- Other quantum properties of the system such as correlation functions.

Contents

- Statistical lattice models & combinatorics: Motivating examples from enumerative combinatorics; partition functions; transfer matrices; quantum R-matrices; the quantum Yang-Baxter equation;
- 2. The Yang-Baxter Algebra & the Bethe Ansatz: Monodromy matrices and the Yang-Baxter algebra; diagonalising the transfer matrix; Bethe equations; guiding example: the 6-vertex model on the cylinder and the torus
- 3. Quantum Groups I: Axioms and examples; the Yang-Baxter algebra as a quantum group; the 6-vertex model and XXZ spin-chain as motivating example
- 4. Quantum Groups II: Representation theory; $U_q(\widehat{\mathfrak{sl}}_2)$; the R-matrix; short-exact-sequences and the XXZ fusion hierarchy
- 5. Quantum integrability at the boundary: The reflection equation and K-matrices; examples of diagonal and non-diagonal boundary conditions; the XXZ Hamiltonian and Bethe equations in the presence of boundaries;



◆□▶ ◆□▶ ◆□▶ ◆□▶ ● ● ● ●



▲□▶▲□▶▲□▶▲□▶ = 三 のへで



▲□▶ ▲圖▶ ▲圖▶ ▲圖▶ ▲圖 - 釣A@



▲□▶ ▲□▶ ▲ 三▶ ▲ 三▶ - 三 - のへぐ

arXiv.org > math-ph > arXiv:1010.5031

Mathematical Physics

Lectures on the integrability of the 6-vertex model

N. Reshetikhin

(Submitted on 25 Oct 2010)

This is an overview of various aspects of the 6-vertex model in statistical mechanics and related models.

Comments: 81 pages. Lectures given at the summer school in theoretical physics, Les Houches, July 2008. Published in Les Houches Proceedings

▲□▶▲□▶▲□▶▲□▶ □ のQ@

Subjects: Mathematical Physics (math-ph); Statistical Mechanics (cond-mat.stat-mech)

MSC classes: 82820, 82823

Cite as: arXiv:1010.5031 [math-ph] (or arXiv:1010.5031v1 [math-ph] for this version) Who should take this module?

Prerequisites

Some understanding of differentiable manifolds and differential forms, group theory

▲□▶ ▲□▶ ▲□▶ ▲□▶ ▲□ ● のへぐ

Some familiarity with Lie algebras and Lie groups would be helpful but will **not** be assumed. Take this course if you are interested in ...

- A rapidly evolving field which connects algebra, geometry, topology and physics
- A geometrical formulation of classical mechanics in the language of symplectic and Poisson structures
- The classical Yang-Baxter equation and how it gives rise to Poisson-Lie structures and integrable systems
- The role of quantum groups in quantum integrable systems
- A toolkit for solving problems in quantum field theory, string theory and condensed matter physics which are not (easily) amenable to other techniques

(ロ) (同) (三) (三) (三) (○) (○)

Who is teaching this module?

The team



José Figueroa O'Farrill U of Edinburgh

Bernd Schroers Heriot-Watt





Robert Weston Heriot-Watt

